

CABLE CUT OFF; USED THE FLASH

Communication from the Shut-in Greeks
by Heliograph.

VASSOS DENIES THE REPORTS

Says He Has Never Massacred Any Prisoners.

THAT HE WILL NOT ATTACK CANEA

Complains That Powers' Blockading Squadron Allows the Turks to Do as They Please.

Athens, March 31.—It being impossible for Colonel Vassos, the commander of the Greek troops in Crete, to use the cable for the transmission of dispatches, the admirals having prohibited it, communica-

BULLETIN ISSUED BY THE WEATHER SERVICE.

Washington, March 31.—The following reports have been received from weather bureau officials in charge of river districts:

MEMPHIS, TENN.—A severe break has occurred just south of Gunnison, Miss., masking four on the Mississippi front. It is believed that the whole region from Australia south to Vicksburg will be inundated. Helena, Rosedale and Greenville are in great danger. Gunnison is flooded badly. The flow out of the St. Francis is increasing. No further rise is looked for at Memphis.

HELENA, ARK.—Rise over three inches in twenty-four hours. River is expected to rise several inches more in next few days. Levees holding for thirty miles below Helena. Can hold one foot or more in Helena. Destruction going on below. Will probably get worse.

CAIRO, ILL.—Sipe water continues increasing. Has risen about one inch during past twenty-four hours. Many one-story houses in lower portion of city vacated; otherwise situation remains same as reported Tuesday afternoon.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Rivers in St. Louis district will remain nearly stationary for a day or two; rain today will check the fall but will probably not cause another rise within that time.

VICKSBURG, MISS.—No anticipated reports of crevasses this morning. Crevasses already reported will be very disastrous in the delta. Heavy rain and thunder storm at this hour—10:30 a.m.

NEW ORLEANS.—No breaks reported this morning. Crevasses on Bayou La Fourche, near Faubourg of yesterday will cause only local damage.

On him was established a day or so ago by means of flash signals by way of the island of Anticyclops. To-day Colonel Vassos sent to King George the following message by telegraph:

"Allkan, March 31.—Sir: Contrary to their promises, the admirals allowed the Musulmans at Kandamou to depart with their arms, their aim being pillage and incendiarism. On the other hand every act of the Christians in self-defense provokes bombardments."

"Mixed detachments yesterday occupied and re-occupied Anarball. The French have blockaded Port Kis-samust Kastell."

The dispatch sent by the admirals to their governments accusing man of cruelty, declaring that I massacred prisoners at Malaxa and stating that I intend to attack Canea, despite my solemn declarations, are false."

"Each address an energetic protest to the admirals."

GREER WANTED IN BANKS.

Charged With Assault There and a Sheriff Identifies Him.

Charlie Greer, a young white boy who was arrested on a telegram from the sheriff of Banks county, was set out to be the one who made an assault on a young married woman down in Banks county some time ago.

The sheriff from Banks county came to Atlanta last night after the prisoner. He stated he is no doubt as to Greer being one of the two who assaulted the young woman.

"It is a bad case," said the sheriff. "And if Greer is not looked for, he will be hanged from his neck into a rope before he is through with this thing. He made a brutal assault upon a married woman, who has been married about a year, and put his indignation in Banks is so intense against him that there is great danger about his safety. He has been run over by men taking him out to the first line as soon as he is caught, but I am going to run him through and after I get him in jail I do not anticipate any further trouble."

Studying the Lease System.

Governor Atkinson and Judge Turner will probably return from their tour of inspection next Friday morning. They are now visiting a number of the state convicts.

The governor is studying the convict problem and is looking closely into the workings of the lease system.

Home on G. M. I. Campus.

An interesting game of baseball was played yesterday afternoon at Edgewood on the Georgia Military Institute's campus. The game was between the North Side Dixies and the Georgia Military Institute teams. The Dixies won the game by a score of 10 to 5.

Officer Coming After Brantley.

Shreveport, La.—Chief of Police of Shreveport and Chief of Police of New Orleans, to arrest Mr. R. A. Brantley, who skipped out of the city a few days ago.

The charge against Brantley is that of obtaining money under false pretenses for his attorney and a brother sworn to by Mr. Medina of the Dunning-Medine Music Company.

Mr. Mills offered the following:

"Resolved, That the committee on foreign relations be instructed to inquire if, any obligations the United States have assumed toward the people of Cuba by asserting and maintaining the right to prevent the acquisition of that island by any European power and compelling its people to remain subject to the dominion of Spain, and to report by bill or otherwise."

Mr. Hale suggested the omission of the clause above reporting.

The resolution went over until tomorrow. The vice president laid before the senate the resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Morgan. According to the letter, it was to have been written to the president and late chief executive by Maximo Gomez, leader of the Cuban revolution army.

Mr. Hale inquired whether Mr. Morgan had modified his resolution in accordance with the suggestion of Mr. Hoar yesterday extending the inquiry to all letters.

Mr. Hale said that he had not, because he did not know exactly what Mr. Morgan intended.

Mr. Perkins re-introduced an old bill to amend the naturalization laws. It provides for the usual five year period and requires that each alien seeking to be naturalized must speak the English language, the provision that he must be able to read and write being omitted.

The applicants must also show himself to be acquainted with the principles of the constitution and have an understanding of the system of the government of the United States and the states thereof.

Making Up Quarterly Reports.

The postoffice authorities are engaged in making out their quarterly reports. The report shows that \$65,000 worth of stamps have been sent to the Atlanta postoffice during the past three months.

The postmaster says that he has not been pressed by order of the United States district attorney at Washington, and he is unable to conjecture why the case was dismissed in the face of such conclusive evidence.

A GREAT FREE BOOK.

Everyone save doctor bills for any family to have a copy of Dr. Price's splendid thousand-page free book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," explaining the laws of life, health and disease, and infirmities, with many valuable suggestions and receipts for curing common ailments by simple means. Treatment. It costs over three hundred dollars, and medicines are recommended standard remedies.

Gould Case Dismissed.

T. Gould versus the Northern Life Insurance Company, the United States court of appeals has been dismissed for a small amount.

BRANTLEY TOO GAY

Although Married He Has Been Too Attentive to Girls.

WIFE WILL SUE FOR DIVORCE

She Says That She Has Been Putting Up Money to Get Him Out of Trouble.

FOUR HOURS SPENT ON ARBITRATION

Chilton Amendment Lost in Senate Executive Session.

HOAR HAD A COMBINATION

His Amendment Embraced Main Features of Chilton's.

FORAKER FAVERS SEPARATE COURTS

His Amendment Was Adopted—Mug-wumps Don't Like Hoar's Amendment—Senate Proceedings.

Washington, March 31.—(Special).—The senate spent four hours in executive session, most of the debate being on proposed amendments to the arbitration treaty. There was some discussion on filling the senate committee, but nothing was done on that line.

The Chilton amendment to the treaty was defeated by a narrow margin. This amendment was a distinct declaration that nothing should be submitted to arbitration without first being approved by the senate. The reason of the defeat of this lay in the fact that a committee amendment already adopted covers practically the same ground.

The votive began promptly at 2 o'clock, according to the agreement, the first vote being on the amendment offered by Mr. Hoar, which consisted of a combination of the Chilton amendment and the amendment to the first article to the treaty submitted by the committee at the last session. This amendment provided that "any difference, which, in the judgment of either power, naturally affects its honor, or its domestic or foreign policy, shall not be referred to arbitration under this treaty, except by special agreement."

This is also added to this a provision similar to that of Mr. Chilton's, which stipulates that each question proposed to be submitted to arbitration under the treaty must first be sent to the senate for action by that body, as in the case of an original treaty. This was adopted by a vote of 54 to 12.

Despite the adoption of this Mr. Chilton pressed his amendment, by it was laid on the table by a vote of 47 to 23.

Mr. Hoar's amendment eliminating all questions relating to the bonded indebtedness of other countries of states was also voted on, but without a yeas and nays on the table.

Foraker offers amendment.

Mr. Foraker, contending that the text of the treaty was ambiguous as to the selection of a member of the tribunal, offered an amendment which provides that there shall be a separate court for each case that may be submitted, and this was agreed to by a majority.

Mr. Rawlins of Utah, sought to strike off all of article 8, which stated that the selection of a member of the tribunal from among the judiciary of the state or territory where the question in which such an territory is interested is a subject for arbitration. This was, however, voted down.

Mr. Morgan moved to strike out article 7, which relates to the methods to be pursued when objections are taken to the jurisdiction of the tribunal, but he withdrew the motion, stating that he would renew it tomorrow.

Article 9 contains a provision which requires that in the event of an award being made by an equally divided court there shall be no recourse to hostile measures of any description until the mediation of one or more friendly powers has been invited by one or both of the parties. Mr. Mills, of Texas, moved to strike out this provision, but this motion was also laid upon the table by a yeas and nays vote. Several other amendments of a minor nature were offered but passed the same fate.

Mr. Foraker moved for a vote to adjourn to take the vote either Friday or the following Monday, but Mr. Stewart objected.

Mr. Stewart contended that there had been no arrangements with respect to the pairs. This should be done, he said, on the basis of two votes for the treaty as against one on the other side of the question, inasmuch as the subject had to be determined by a two-thirds vote.

No conclusion was reached on the subject and the bill was referred to a committee to be determined by a two-thirds vote.

With the adoption of the Hoar arrangement, the opposition has weakened its opposition to the treaty, it is not altogether certain it will have two-thirds of the senate when the final vote is taken.

The mugsounds are howling over this amendment which they declare renders the treaty an absolute nullity and it certainly does eliminate most, if not all, of the objectionable features. There is, however, a certainty that the treaty will be ratified by the Senate.

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Bobbed of His Watch.

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YEAL ASKS DIVORCE

He Charges His Cousin and Wife with Improper Conduct.

HE CALLS HER A DEBAUCHEE

Says She Is Intemperate and Has Desired Him—He Wants the Custody of Their Child.

In a sequel to the sensational charges recently made by O. P. Veal against his wife and cousin came yesterday in the shape of a divorce suit.

In his bill Veal declares that his wife has been unfaithful to her marriage vows and has become an habitual drunkard and debauchee. The petition is sensational in the extreme.

It is charged that a few weeks ago Mrs. Veal left for Chattanooga, presumably to visit relatives, but she has never returned.

Shortly after her departure from Atlanta Otto Veal, a cousin of the petitioner, who had boarded with him and his wife, also left for Chattanooga, and the husband says it was with him. The two parties learned of this and upon his return to Atlanta accused him of being a drunkard and debauchee.

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SERGEANT CHINN, WHO WAS OFFERED AN ENTIRE SLEEPER

FIVE LIVES LOST BY FIRE IN FLAT

Horrible Fate of People in New York City.

THREE WOMEN; TWO BABIES

Flames Shoot Up Through the Building Before They Could Escape.

SEARCH OF A HUSBAND FOR HIS WIFE

Believing That She Had Been Out Shopping, Thought She Was Safe. Search Revealed Her Remains.

New York, March 31.—Five persons lost their lives by the burning of the flat building at No. 11 West One hundred and Fifth street this afternoon. The dead are:

MRS. DARLINGTON.

FANNY DARLINGTON, two-months-old baby.

MRS. ELIZABETH FRENCH, twenty-eight years old.

FIDELE FRENCH, infant child.

ELLEN MORRISSEY, forty-five years old, of Albany.

It was not known positively until tonight that Mrs. Darlington and her child were lost in the fire. It was supposed she had gone out during the day shopping.

When her husband returned at night he immediately began a search for her. He visited all of their friends and relatives, but could find no trace of her. The police then began a search of the ruins and they found the body of Mrs. Darlington in the cellar under the debris.

It is presumed that she sank with the caving floor. Half an hour later the body of the baby was also found.

It effects instant relief and cures Catarrh and colic in head. 10 cent trial size of E.Y.'s Cream Balm at druggists. Full size 50c.

COURT WILL HAVE TO INTERPRET IT

Lively Tilt Between Cordele's Council and School Board.

THEY HAVE CONTRARY VIEWS

Each Put Their Own Interpretation on City Charter.

AS TO HOW MUCH TAX CAN BE LEVIED

Board of School Trustees Claim They Have Not Been Allowed Money They Are Entitled to.

Cordele, Ga., March 31.—(Special)—There is a fight on to the finish here between the city council and the board of trustees of the public schools. Things have been rather inharmonious for some time between these bodies. The trouble arose from a contrary interpretation of the city charter and the bill authorizing the public school system. The board met with the last council meeting and asked them to make good a small deficit which had been caused by an over-expense of funds. The teachers' salaries have not been paid since January, and the city refuses to pay them. The council also claims that the present board was illegally elected last year because insufficient notice was made of the election. The mayor issued the following order to each individual composing the board:

"Dear Sir—You are hereby ordered not to close any contracts or fix any expenses whatever in the city's name for the scholastic year beginning September, 1897."

The trustees claim that they were legally elected and that the city council in 1896 notified them of their election. The board met yesterday and fixed salaries for all the teachers for another year. The trustees have been accused of extravagance by the council, while the trustees claim an economical administration.

The board has empowered its president, Hon. J. T. Hill, to employ competent counsel to defend their rights as they interpret them. Aside from this, the board claims, under the charter, a right to taxes to the amount of one-half of 1 per cent, whereas they have utilized only one-fourth of 1 per cent. The council comes back at them and says that they have a right to tax now much still in addition to school purposes, and although the trustees did not use their full amount of one-half of 1 per cent, they, the council, will refuse to allow the limits on economical grounds. The matter will end in the courts, as neither side shows any intention to give in.

GUILTY, BUT MAY ESCAPE

STATUTE OF LIMITATION MAY SAVE A PICKPOCKET.

The Victim Allowed Exactly Two Years to Elapse Before Beginning the Prosecution.

Jones Walker, a negro, was bound over to the city criminal court yesterday morning by Justice Landrum on the charge of larceny from the person. Walker has been at large for two years and on this account a nice point of law was raised.

On March 30, 1895, T. H. Twilley, of Macon, was in the city and while there, Jones Walker is said to have picked his pocket of a gold watch. Efforts were made to catch the negro, but in vain, and he was never heard of again until a few days ago by someone named Twilley learned that he was in the employ of the Woodward Lumber Company.

Mr. Twilley arrived here Tuesday morning and immediately went before Justice Landrum, who was waiting with a warrant against the negro. The arrest was made just two years after the crime had been committed and on this point the defense rested on its side of the case at the trial yesterday.

According to the law, when a misdemeanor has been committed, and larceny from the person is a misdemeanor, the warrant may be sworn out within two years after the offense has been committed if the warrant is not sworn out in that time, the man is allowed to go free. In other words, after two years the warrant is surrendered by the state of limitation.

The defense was based on this point yesterday. It being claimed that the warrant should have been sworn out before Tuesday in order to be valid. The defense contended to be no doubt of the guilt of the negro. In fact, it is said that he admits having picked the pocket of Twilley, but he is in the hands of his lawyers and they will carry him through the state of limitation.

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"I see some of your folks have got opera glasses," he interrupted. "I wish you would quit pointing those things at me until I get through."

Mr. Jones entertained the crowd thoroughly and concluded with some very complimentary remarks to the Southern Medical college.

The music for the occasion was furnished by Wurm's orchestra. A wagon load of fresh cut roses were showered on the happy graduates and each departed with a

RODE IN SMOKER

INSTEAD OF SLEEPER

Sergeant Chinn Came to Atlanta in a Second Class Coach.

HE WAS OFFERED A SLEEPER

Provided He Would Pay for the Whole Eighteen Berths.

CHINN IS HERE TO BE RETIRED

He Will Go to Culpeper, Virginia, to Live—Something of His Life and Its Incidents.

Sergeant William Chinn, the negro army officer who wanted to ride up here from Savannah in a sleeping car, is in Atlanta.

He arrived here yesterday morning on a Central railroad smoking car instead of the Pullman, but the price he aspired.

A full account of Chinn's trouble with the Central railroad authorities was contained in yesterday's Constitution. Chinn was seen by a Constitution reporter a few hours after he arrived yesterday and the army officer gave the reporter the following account of the disagreement between himself and the railroad authorities:

"I have been in charge of Fort Pulaski at Savannah for four years. A few days ago I received orders to go to Fort McPherson and report to the officers there, so that I could be retired on half pay, according to the army regulations. With the notice of my retirement I received an order drawn on the Central railroad for my transportation from Savannah here. I also received a warrant for sleeping car accommodations on the Pullman company's sleepers. When I presented these to Mr. Brewer he told me that the Pullman company ran no sleepers on his line and said that he would not let me ride in one of the Central railroad sleepers."

"I asked him if he would let me have a berth in a Central railroad car because of my color, or because the warrant was not drawn on the Central railroad. He replied that if the warrant was drawn on his road he could not let me ride because the laws of Georgia provided that separate coaches must be furnished for white and colored people. I demanded to know his reasons in writing, but he refused to give them.

"A friend of mine employed a lawyer for me and he tried to secure the accommodations which I wished, but was informed by the railroad people that I could not ride in a sleeper with the whites, and that they couldn't afford to run a sleeper for me. They offered to let me have a berth in a sleeper if I would charter the whole car and pay for the eighteen berths, but I didn't feel like paying out so much money."

"I took a smoking car last night and rode up here. I succeeded to sleep tolerably well nearly all the way until this morning, when the porter woke me up rather rudely and told me I had been written up in The Constitution. I read the paper and saw that I was causing a sensation."

Chinn went out to McPherson yesterday afternoon to be retired by the officer there.

He stated that as soon as he was properly retired, he would go to Culpeper, Va., and live the remainder of his days. Chinn is 47 years old. He was born and raised in Kentucky, and has had a rather eventful career. When the civil war broke out he joined the federal army and fought until the close of the strife. When the war was ended Chinn was drafted into the regular service, and was sent to the west. He was stationed at Fort Apache, Arizona, for quite awhile, and was engaged in several serious battles with the Indians.

Chinn himself will not prosecute the company on the Central road for not allowing him to ride in a sleeper. He has turned the matter over to Quartermaster Kimball at Fort McPherson to do as he may please.

Just what action the quartermaster will take in the matter is not known.

MR. JACK GAMMAGE DEAD.

Expired Yesterday, After a Long Illness, in West End.

Mr. Jack T. Gammage, a young man well known in the city, died yesterday morning at the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. E. P. Suttles, in West End. He had been ill for some time with consumption and his death was not unexpected. He had reached the age of twenty years, and was well liked by all who knew him. The funeral services will be held at the residence of Mr. Suttles this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Virgil Norcross officiating, and the interment will be at Oakland cemetery.

FUNERAL OF MRS. STERLING

Her Remains Were Laid to Rest Yesterday Afternoon.

Mrs. W. T. Sterling, who died Tuesday night at the residence of her husband, 51 North Avenue, was laid to rest in Westview cemetery yesterday afternoon. The funeral services were conducted at the residence of Rev. Henry McDonald, of the Second Baptist church.

The floral offerings were beautiful and completely covered the casket in which the remains of Mrs. Sterling had been laid. Dr. McDonald spoke for some time of the life and death of Mrs. Sterling and when he had finished the eyes of many of those who were present were dimmed with tears. Mrs. Sterling was a very popular lady and her death caused regret in many homes.

Numbers will be given at each performance for the \$25 which is to be given away Saturday night.

Southern Baptist Convention, Wilmingtton, N. C., May 6th-14th, 1897.

Extension of Limit.

The Southern Railway takes pleasure in announcing that it has arranged for an extension of limit of an additional fifteen days for the tickets sold by its lines at one fare for the round trip on the deposit plan.

The rates will be the same as on the nearest ticket agent, Southern Railway, or its connections, for complete information.

S. H. HARDWICK,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

LOCAL SHOWERS TODAY.

Thunder Storms Are Predicted for the Upper Part of Georgia Today.

The reports received by the weather bureau last night showed the controlling features of the weather to be an area of high pressure central over the eastern portion of the lake, and an area of low pressure of low barometric pressure, which occupied the entire Missouri, the lower Mississippi valley, and the southwest.

The storm of considerable magnitude and intense high and dangerous winds to prevail in the central Mississippi valley and lake region, and at the hour of observation last night the current wind at St. Louis, Mo., and Memphis, Tenn., was blowing at the rate of thirty and forty-four miles per hour, respectively. It also caused general cloudiness and more or less rain to fall yesterday in the Missouri and Mississippi Valley and the southwest.

The conditions as they existed last night were, for Georgia today: Local showers, with partly cloudy weather and probably severe local thunderstorms in northwest portion.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Daily report for March 31, 1897.

Daily mean temperature..... 64

Daily normal temperature..... 64

Highest temperature..... 65

Lowest temperature..... 55

Total rainfall during 12 hours..... 60

Deficiency of precipitation..... 3.37

thurs-fri-sun-tues.

FEATHER DUSTERS.

10-inch..... 10c. 12-inch..... 15c.

FEATHER MANTELS WITH TILE AND GRATES, \$10

COOKING STOVES..... \$5

AND A FULL LINE OF

Brass Canary Cages, Ranges and House Furnishing Goods

... AT LOW PRICES....

Headquarters for Gas Fixtures.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH

VIGOR OF MEN MAGNETIC

WILLER MFG. CO., L. P. DEGROOT, Mgr.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When the stains lining it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills nicely wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing wine or beer, and overcomes that urge up necessity of being compelled to urinate many times during the night to urinate. The mind and the extra effect of Swamp Root are unparalleled. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet sent free by mail. Mention The Atlanta Constitution and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

THE LOCAL THEATRES.

"Excelsior, Jr." Rice's big extravaganza will be seen at matines to-day and to-night at the Grand. The attraction is one of the best of the season and in the cast will be many names that guarantee an excellent performance.

"Excelsior, Jr." ran two hundred nights in New York city, and the big production, with all its gorgeous scenery, properties and calcium effects, will be seen here at the Grand.

A good idea of the attraction can be gained from the following, which is a portion of the criticism of the Charleston News and Courier of Tuesday:

"The piece was decidedly interesting and amusing. In point of detail nothing more elaborate has been seen on the Academy stage in years. Since the Irving-Terry engagement last winter there has not been such handsome scenery or such beautiful costumes. The prologue curtain, 'The Warning to Excelsior,' was a picture of the three sets afterwards, the Swiss village, the scene in the monastery and Rococo Saloon in the Grand Hotel, changing to the palace of the Snow King, were all exquisitely beautiful. The stage settings were perfect as to detail and the light effects lovely beyond description."

"The company is a large one and each member is competent and clever. Miss Sadie Martinot, Joe Cawthron, Misses Nellie and Ethel Strickland, Miss Carrie Behr and Johnny Page were, of course, the ring-leaders in all the fun and noise."

On April 2nd and 3rd at the Grand opera house, Mr. Joseph Jefferson will give three performances.

Mr. Jefferson is a capital hand at telling a good story. He tells the following amusing incident which happened a few weeks ago:

"I had been out duck shooting," said Mr. Jefferson, "and was being paddled slowly along the bayou in a canoe by my man Friday, a colored boy about eighteen years old. 'Mr. Jos, will you be mad if I ax you somethin,' said John, the colored lad referred to.

"No, John; what is it?" said Mr. Jefferson.

"What does you do in a show?"

"I told him it would be rather difficult for me to explain to him what my particular line of business was," replied Mr. Jefferson. "Well," said John, "does you swallow knives?" I told him I had no knife whatever in that way," answered Mr. Jefferson. "Well, your son told me that you swallowed knives and forks and fire, and de Lord knows what all, and I believe you was just foolin' me."

Mr. Jefferson agreed with him, saying he was quite capable of it. "Well, don't you think it's dangerous?" Mr. Jefferson asked him how he could be sure of that. John burst into a moderate fit of laughter, almost tipping the canoe over with his violent mirth. "No, no, no, sah, you fool me on dat, I've seen you get on your horse; you ain't no circus rider."

Despite the very inclement weather last night, a fair sized audience was on hand

MEN AND MATTERS

Our April Fool
Being the Ballad of a Day
to such a little April fool who
When all the world was gladness
all the earth was gay;
And he brought the sunshine with
drove away our griefs and woes;
All the moments passed in mirth,
promise to the years.
We let him have his kingdom—for we
his right to rule.
No monarch had a lordlier sway—was he
him "April Fool."

As the day he came, his nature
amidst the vernal hours—
Soft as sunny breath of springtime
the fragrance of the flowers.
All the household did him homage, bowed
in bondage at his feet;
Twas my joyous lot to love him with a
happiness complete.
And my love overleaped its limits, and I
yielded to his rule.
For I knew a prince of power was our
little April fool.

But the darkness come one morning—oh,
the agony and pain!
And the days of anxious doubt, and
the trying stretch of pain.
Hushed all music in the household; stillled
the soft and purring cry.
Was he brought to bring us anguish—was
he given but to die?

Then we laid him "neath the roses, where
the earth was damp and cool.
What a royal pup, that canful "Requiescat, April fool."

Albert H. Marsh, treasurer of the S. S.
McClure Company tarried on his way to
Florida resorts yesterday.

Since he took up his residence in Gotham
several years ago, Mr. Marsh has steadily
risen until he occupies now a responsible
position with a famous company. He is a
southerner and at one time resided in
Atlanta.

In his dealings Mr. Marsh is thrown in
constant contact with well known literary
men.

"These authors are an interesting lot to
study," he said yesterday. "Most of them
have fads and some of them striking peculiarity."

"O yes, I know Cy Warman very well.
His engineer stories have made him fa-
mous and prosperous. We have an article
on 'Sweet Marie' and the occasion of its
composition. This song made Cy Warman
a fortune. It was written one night before
he was married to his wife, whose name
is Marie. He kept it some time before
publishing it. The success of the song was
a great surprise to him, and he has reaped
a rich harvest from its sale."

"I was in Memphis several days ago,"
said Hon. Fleming du Blignon. "The
flood situation there is serious. The
river at the city is forty miles wide and
while I was there, there was the greatest
excitement in the county above. Many
families have been made homeless and the
distress in the regions overflowed is more
than can be imagined."

Charles Davis, the Warm Springs man
came up yesterday. "I heard there was
going to be a cyclone down my way," he
said with a smile, and I came to Atlanta
to avoid it.

While here, Mr. Davis arranged for the
annual session of the Federation of Wo-
men's clubs to meet in the springs. A series
of lectures and conventions will be held there
this year. The Bar Association, the Dental
Association, the Stump Phenix Asso-
ciation, and several other important or-
ganizations have prepared to cavane at
Warm Springs during the summer months.

Colonel "BH" Charles came from the
west of gold to look after business interests
in Atlanta. He would require a second
glance at the speaker pro tem for his col-
leagues in the house to recognize him.
Since the adjournment of the last session
he has cultivated a flowing set of auburn
whiskers, which will add to his dignity as
presiding officer at the next session of the
general assembly.

"We are greatly interested in the de-
velopment," he said. "The people of Dahlone-
ga are much encouraged over the prospect,
and the recent interest aroused in the
gold fields of north Georgia is but a small
indication of the activity which will come
within the next year."

Ed. Brown, of the Aragon, has a new
song, entitled, "Well, I Don't Know."
The frequent interrogations of his friends
as to what he knows meets with the musical
chorus: "Well, I don't know, you
know."

"The greatest amount of our funds in
collections," said Dr. Stephen A. Merritt,
the New York evangelist, who is at the
famous collection in Carnegie Hall, where
\$122,000 was raised, the money did not
come in the main from the wealthy classes.
It was the working people who gave,
who had to sacrifice in order to contribute.
During my tours over the country I
have been impressed with the spirit of
the laboring classes which have
most."

Frank Curry, of Flossilla, was
at Kimball yesterday. "I am glad to see
the receivers of the Mutual Building
Association, who will be elected
that declare the affairs of the
organization solvent," he said. "It is
a surprise to me, as I had not anticipated
so satisfactory."

"I was surprised to learn," said Mr. Joseph Thompson yesterday,
"that the people had been im-
mune who represented them
as agents of the Brooklyn
Company. We have no agents
in all in part of the state, and those
state that they are our representative
nothing more than bold impostors."

"The Eagle and Phenix mills turn
out more manufactured goods than at
any time in its history," said Hon. H. C.
Brace, of Columbus, who is here to
city in the hearing before Special Master
Rosser.

"The present complications have not
terminated with out work, and we are ush-
ered up from thirty-five to forty bales of cot-
ton each day."

Hon. Mose Wright and Hon. William En-
nis, representative from Floyd, were in
Atlanta yesterday.

Judge Joe Dunham, ordinary of Marion
county, was in Atlanta yesterday on busi-
ness.

HUSBAND AGAINST WIFE

G. A. Hamilton Swears Out a Bail
Trover for Household Goods.

Mrs. G. A. Hamilton told a story of sor-
row and neglect to Justice Landrum yes-
terday morning. She says that she has
been deserted by her husband and that he
has refused to support her. Tuesday
night she says, he came to her home and
kidnapped her little boy. She went to Chief
Connolly and had Hamilton arrested and it
is understood that the child was returned to her.

Yesterday morning he went before Justice
Landrum and swore out a trover and
bail for the household goods which are in
the possession of Mrs. Hamilton, and which
she says were taken from her. She gave bond
for the goods and says that she has re-
stored them at once. The case will be tried
in the course of a few days and it is proba-
ble that a good deal of interest will be ex-
erted.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Editor—Constitution—Depending upon
your well-known characteristic of submit-
ting to the jury of your readers a fair
hearing on both sides of a question, I ven-
ture to send you, with a request for pub-
lication, copy of a letter from Mr. Henry
Neill, of New Orleans, replying to the criti-
cisms upon him in your editorials of last
Saturday and Sunday.

Permit me also to say in explanation of
my reply, as published in your Tuesday's
issue in which I said: "Mr. Neill's methods
consist in guessing without fear or favor,"
etc., that I was unfortunate in using the
word "guess," and you were quick to see
and use your advantage. It is not the
word commonly used by cotton men in
speaking of estimates on the crop. Had I
said "Carefully compiled estimates," I
would have given clearer utterance to my
meaning.

HABERSHAM KING,
Newnan, Ga., March 27, 1897.

(Copy.)

New Orleans, La., March 26, 1897.—Mr.
Habersham King, Newnan, Ga. Dear Sir:
Although I have not the pleasure of know-
ing you personally, I cannot resist the
temptation to thank you for your many
and intelligent defense of me from the
Atlantic Constitution.

I have lived here nearly fifty years, and
with my other cotton business it has been,
during most of that time, my business to
report to my European correspondents, to
the best of my power, the actual condi-
tions and prospects of the cotton crop,
and to do this at as early a date in each
season as it was possible to form an intel-
ligent and reliable estimate of the outlook.

In many of these years it has early become
manifest that we were going to have short
crops, and I have never hesitated to pub-
lish such short crop estimates as soon as it
was possible to form a correct judgment,
for it is just as important that my friends,
and the cotton world, for that matter,
should know the short crop as that it is large.

People who had formed contrary opinions,
and had backed them by selling, were just
as furious at me in short crop years for
telling the truth, as I saw it, as The Con-
stitution is now because in October last I
announced the opinion that the crop was
over a million bales larger than the current
crop estimates. You know as well as any
one that in October, when my estimates came out, the general opinion leaned to a
crop of about seven and one-half millions.
I am not here to falsify facts for anybody's
benefit, whether planter or spinner, nor am
I here to hold my tongue and say nothing
when I know that our public opinion is
million bales too small or too large.
When I report a short crop, people are
both pleased and annoyed, and I am
often either to flatter and please me,
or of which many instances can be pointed
out. But it so happens that early opinions
are mostly based on reports of interested
people who have cotton to sell, and who,
perhaps honestly, exaggerate in reporting
damages, so that generally my re-
ports are the reverse of popular with them.

It now looks doubtful if this crop will
reach my figures of \$300,000 to \$10,000,000
baled actual growth by perhaps one or two
hundred thousand bales; but there was no
"falsehood" in that estimate. The result
perhaps on September 1st next will show
the actual error on my part, but how
much error will be shown in the \$300,000 to
\$750,000 estimates so common, not to say
universal, in October? And who can charge
me with willfully falsifying if I con-
clude in 2½ per cent of the crop nearly a year in
advance? And it is not at all certain that
my error will be as much as that.

Those who know me and my methods
best would be the last to insinuate any
want of honest purpose, or to deny the
general correctness of my estimates for
many years. For this year, and as com-
pared with current opinions at that time,
it was published, my estimate will again
prove substantially near the truth.

You are at liberty to use this letter as
you please, and may send it to The Constitu-
tion if you like. H. M. NEILL

The Seminole Indian War.

The last Seminole war, properly so called,
began with the massacre of Major
Dade and his command on the 28th of Decem-
ber, 1835. It continued for more than
five years and cost many lives and much
money. Finally in 1841 it terminated by
treaty, but by the utter exhaustion of the
tribes force in battle, their capture,
and removal by force of most of the
warriors, who had not perished in the
war, beyond the Mississippi. A mere remnant—20 or 30—escaped to the everglades
of Florida, where a few of them are still
found.

In this war quite a number of Georgia
organizations were engaged, the most
noted of which was a brigade of mounted
men under General Charles H. Nelson.
Later on, perhaps for ten or fifteen years,
the Indians who had taken refuge in the
everglades occasionally emerged from the
swamps to kill cattle, plunder white
settlers in the lower country of the
peninsula. On such occasions they were
driven back by the Florida militia. No
Georgia troops were ever engaged.

General Cobb and General Lee.

Editor Constitution—In your Sunday's issue
you mentioned one of your correspondents, com-
menting upon the Georgia General, Thomas
R. H. Cobb, toward Virginians and the
Lobos, totally misapprehends the tone of the
letters from which the extracts are taken.
Not a word occurs in one of them which
condemns or criticizes General Lee. There
is much which shows the warm affection
and perfect confidence in which he
was held. Nor is there a word of unkind
language to the Virginians.

The irritation, we find, comes from the
complaint that Cobb did not invite the
cavalry of the legion to take part in his
celebrated ride around Atlanta's army.
General Cobb felt that Mr. Davis had
done a great injustice to him. His
tardy promotion had been promised a year
before it came, and in the meantime junior
officers immediately under him were
promoted to superior ranks. Mr. Davis's
success in the search for a successor
of the legion, were not understood, and the
irritation was natural, but he found no outward
expression save in the confidence of
one of his officers, Mr. Cobb. The com-
plaint of Fitzhugh Lee's promotion was a
complaint of the continued failure of Mr.
Davis to redeem his promise. General
Cobb had no "antecedents" with them.
He was the most kindly disposed with them.
General Cobb was very fond of Magruder.
He constantly defended him against charges
of incompetency and drummed him out
of the service. Cobb's conduct in the
capture and removal by force of most of
the warriors, who had not perished in the
war, beyond the Mississippi. A mere remnant—20 or 30—escaped to the everglades
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and perfect confidence in which he
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language to the Virginians.

The Reward of Learning.

"There, my son," said the rural mother
to her little towhead, "you see what learnin'
done fer yore daddy, don't you?"

"What, maw?"

"Why, jest as soon as ever the guy-
ment found out that he could do figgers
in his head they took an' pinted him
postmaster at \$60 a year, an' 'fore you
know where you air, he'll be a-sellin'
stamps what goes on letters!"

The fourth-class postoffice won't pay the
grocery bill, but a fellow feels like a fac-
tor in this great government every time he
cancels a one-cent stamp with Ben Frank-
lin's head on it.

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stamps what goes on letters!"

The Course We Do.

"Of course, we like you, April:
Your glories are rehearsed;
But we quiver and we shiver
At your

First!

First!

There's love for all your lilles

And violets—but the worst

Is that unpaid bill is

On the

First!

AT TABERNACLE

Christian Alliance Evangelists Held Continuous Meetings.

WILL MEET AGAIN TODAY

Children's Meeting Will Be Held at 4 O'Clock This Afternoon.

MR. HENEKE WILL LEAD MEETING TODAY

Some Interesting Talks by the Leading Ministers Who Are Now in the City.

TODAY'S PROGRAMME.
9 O'clock—Prayer and Praise services, led by Mrs. Robert Henck.
10 O'clock—Short talks by Rev. Stephen A. Merritt and Dr. Wilson.
2 O'clock—Prayer and Praise ser-

ATLANTA'S PRINTERS MEET TONIGHT

Typographical Union Will Give a Delightful Entertainment.

LARGE CROWD TO BE PRESENT

Programme Will Consist of Interesting Musical and Literary Exercises.

ORDER NOW ENJOYS GREAT PROSPERITY

Has a Large Membership and Is in a Flourishing Condition—Something of Officers and Organization.

The Atlanta Typographical Union, which is one of the foremost and strongest organizations of printers in the south, will give its regular annual entertainment in the hall at 63% Peachtree street tonight at 8 o'clock.

An interesting programme has been prepared and delightful refreshments will be served. The object is to engender in the organization a more fraternal spirit among its members on the principle that in unity there is strength, and to adopting new plans whereby the printers may be bound more closely together for the upbuilding of the profession.

A large number of members of the order will be present tonight with their families and a royal time is expected. The programme consists of musical and literary selections, and is as follows:

Piano solo, selected—Mr. Williford. Address of Welcome—President J. E. Ragedale.

Musical selection, "White Squadron"—Paul and Gerald Norris.

Address—"In Union There is Strength"—Organizer E. M. Evans.

Piano solo, imitation of various stringed instruments—Mr. Williford.

Addres—"Organization a Necessity"—James K. Thomas.

Musical selection, "El Capitan"—Paul and Gerald Norris.

Something of the Organization.

The Atlanta Typographical Union is one of the oldest organizations of its kind in the country, having been established twenty-five years ago.

The membership consists of some of the most prominent printers of Atlanta, an excellent class of honest and trustworthy men. In their early days, profiting by their banding together for their own protection, and since its inception the union has enjoyed a steady growth and prosperous career.

The president is Mr. J. E. Ragedale, one of the most popular and efficient printers in the city. W. R. Haygood is vice president. G. L. Sutherland, recording secretary; G. W. Gibbons, financial secretary, and J. G. Woodward, treasurer. There are about 160 members in the union.

The organization is now enjoying one of the most prosperous eras in its history, and the entertainment tonight is anticipated with much pleasure.

THIS IS ALL FOOLS' DAY

THE DAY SET APART FOR THE LONG-EARED SPECIES.

The Fool Killer Will Pass Atlanta By at Least for This One Day.

This is the day of the fool.

It is an all-wise Providence which has set aside one day in the year on which this representative of the long-eared species can see himself as others see him.

The fool is not a man of one day. He is an existing annual reality to whom the plane of man has given this one day of immunity.

Therefore, the fool-killer will pass over Atlanta this morning, and will give to those who desire the full privilege of displaying their ingenuous plans in any direction.

There are some fools which are a natural abomination to creation—when some people are born with them, they find it a mild way throughout the whole year. It is this assinine specimen which is impregnated with a voluminous love of himself, who chews his cud in blessed satisfaction, that he is beyond the every day mortal, whose immensity is projected into space, who feels that he is little lower than the angels.

Years ago when the memory of man runeth not to the contrary the fool was an established institution in the land. He was different from the jester, who was usually a man of witty turn and a kind of intellectual wag who made merry for those of superior station. The fool was a mere infant creature, it was born in an infantile state, his custom was to torture people at liberty, and on various occasions he would unexpectedly assert himself.

In consequence of this it was decided that a certain day in the year be set aside when the fool was given full privilege of saying and doing what he wanted, but

sancctification and healing of soul and body.

"Then to give out as quick as possible to the ministers and people this foolishness. Our principles are not to antagonize churches, but rather to bind them together for our common weal."

"Out of the Christian Alliance, which has been organized about seven years, grew the International Missionary Alliance. The latter is a channel through which the life of God flows to the world especially to the heathen world."

"We believe that Christ can not come until the whole world has been evangelized, and our aim is to spread the gospel in all parts of the world. We have missions now in almost every country."

"Now as we are trying to obtain money for this work, we depend upon God touching the hearts of the Christian people who hear us. We always make our last days service one on that line. If you will remember it was Dr. A. V. Simpson, one of our co-workers, who raised over \$100,000 in one afternoon at a meeting a short time ago."

"Every where we go we always organize a branch to our Alliance, and no doubt that will be the result of our meeting here."

"Beginning with the 14th of April the Alliance will hold a grand convention in New York city, at which time the two societies—Christian Alliance and Missionary Alliance—will be consolidated."

"We return to New York from this place."

Children's Meeting Today.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock Dr. Wilson will hold a special children's meeting at the Central Union Mission.

It was expected that Rev. A. B. Simpson and Rev. A. W. Pierson would attend this convention, but Dr. Wilson on Friday received telegrams that business engagements prevented. So far none of his friends have attended the convention, the large crowds that are attending it are apparent that many are interested.

"Our object is to first get together God's children into a society to be baptized with the Holy Ghost in order that they may receive the fullness of Jesus for salvation,

which is the day for the rest of the world to remain passive. Thus all fools day."

Through the ages the fools has increased.

The fool is still an established institution.

It is now proposed that instead of one day in the year, the first day of each month shall be given to him. The one day usage has been defective.

But this change has not yet come and today the fool will thrive like a green bay tree.

He has already concocted his schemes.

He will cause Atlanta to be covered to day with a cloud of suspicion and his various pranks will be in evidence every where.

The day of the fool is here again.

FOUND FOOTE IN CONTEMPT.

Verdict Was Against Him, But He Moved to a New Trial.

Unless Judge Lumpkin sets aside the verdict of the jury and grants a new trial, Mord Foote, Jr., will have to pay over to Receiver J. L. Travis \$25 or go to jail until he does so.

Such was the verdict in the contempt trial in the superior court yesterday afternoon.

Foote was found guilty of having withheld a sum of money belonging to the Greenberg stock, which had been placed in the hands of a receiver.

Foote's case has been an interesting one and consumed several days in its hearing.

Judge Lumpkin in charging the jury put three questions to them which were to be answered in connection with making up a verdict. The first of these was in regard to the defendant's guilt or innocence

in the matter of contempt. The others referred to the amount of money he had in his possession which rightfully belonged to the Greenberg assets.

All these questions the jury decided in the affirmative finding that Foote was in contempt and that he was withholding the sum of \$25.

When the verdict was announced,

Foote counsel moved at once for a new trial on statutory grounds. Judge Lumpkin granted a writ of supersedeas, allowing the defendant to give bond and set the hearing for a new trial on April 10th.

LUTHER LOCATED HERE.

Bible Secretary of the American Baptist Publication Society Here.

Rev. W. C. Luther of Dallas, Tex., district Bible secretary of the American Baptist Publication Society, has been transferred to Atlanta. His field will be Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Florida, North and South Carolina and occasionally he will go into other states not mentioned. He will represent the Bible work of the American Baptist Publication Society. His title is Bible secretary. Mr. Luther is now in Atlanta.

His office will be at 92 Whitehall, and friends are invited to call. His representation is pure, Biblical work and receives contributions for the same.

Last Sunday he preached a sermon at the First Baptist church, Houston, Tex., a good many of the members of the church

are Mr. Luther's \$100 for his work. So far this is the largest contribution he has received, but expects in the future quite a number of such contributions.

Bible Publication Society is the only league in the country that has given away over half a million dollars in this country alone, not to mention in other countries.

The society means to push through the organization agencies the Bible work into every country in this great country and in other countries.

Atlanta is an Importing Center.

It will be a matter of surprise to many to learn that Atlanta is doing at the present time a larger import trade direct with the rest of the world than any other city in the south.

Mr. Luther is the largest contribution he has received, but expects in the future quite a number of such contributions.

Bible Publication Society is the only league team I ever saw in the south that can beat them. Some of the men are stars and I wouldn't be surprised to see some of them up there big leaders."

All the players on the Baltimore team

are with Hanlon and they say that after

having seen both Columbus and Atlanta play they do not believe Columbus will get a game.

Columbus thinks differently, however, and when the two teams get together at Brisbane Saturday the game will be for blood.

The Game Yesterday.

The home team showed yesterday that its ardent supporters could

have expected and they played great ball.

Manager Sheridan threw off his hoodoo yesterday and got in the game with both feet. He plainly showed that he can and will play good ball, which with other improvements makes the team a pretty solid one. The feature of the game was the nice, efficient catching of a high fly. Sheridan, Stenzel, of Baltimore, came to the bat in the third inning and hit a long high fly.

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Chamberlin-Johnson-Dubose

PUSH THEIR WORK

The Appalachian Company Lets a Contract for a Chlorination Plant.

C. E. JAMES WILL ERECT IT

Tennessee Capitalists and Promoters Control Twenty Lumpkin Mines.

CAPITALIZED UP IN THE MILLIONS

Georgia Properties Are Being Opened Up—One Hundred Men to Be Employed in Development.

Fagan Gave Them a Good Time New Orleans, and They Promised to Show Him Chinatown.

Mr. W. R. Fagan, of the Southern Pacific railroad, returned to Atlanta yesterday, after spending a few days in New Orleans, where he entertained two Chinese millionaires of San Francisco.

The Chinamen passed through Atlanta last Sunday en route to San Francisco from Washington, where they had been to have a hearing before the Chinese minister.

They are two of the richest Orientals in California, and they attracted a great amount of attention everywhere they stopped. They were dressed in gorgeous robes, and cared not for expense.

In going from Atlanta to New Orleans with them Mr. Fagan represented his road. They traveled in almost as much style as Li Hung Chang. In New Orleans they stopped at the St. Charles hotel, where they were treated with great respect. They drove through the city and caused quite a sensation. They appeared at the theater with Mr. Fagan, and the two were the objects of attraction in the opera house.

The millionaires are two of the leaders of the See Yups, a well-known Chinese society of San Francisco, and they had been to Washington to ask the Chinese minister to intercede with the emperor for them, they having been condemned to death if they ever return to China.

It will be remembered that there has been a desperate feud between the Sam Yups and the See Yups ever since the Six Companies Consensus. They have fought each other bitterly, and many assassinations have been the result.

Some time ago the Chinese consul at San Francisco was called upon to settle a dispute between the two societies. He decided in favor of the Sam Yups, which is the stronger of the two. His report of the matter was sent to China, and as a result, the two leaders of the See Yups who passed through Atlanta Sunday were sentenced to death in the empire of China. If they were to return their heads would be cut off.

A consequence of this condemnation, the families of the two celestials have suffered many indignities, and much trouble has been caused them.

An interesting story in connection with their visit to Washington which has been told, and the fact in it came about preventing the See Yups from obtaining an audience with the minister. It is that the two millionaires, instead of waiting for Washington, he took the city in great haste and at night to the residence of his royal Chinese minister. He scored victory by being on the scene of no time in getting things in order to obtain an audience with the condemned men.

His plans worked like a charm. The millionaires took their time about visiting the minister, and not knowing of the presence of the consul, were not on the defensive. They sent in their cards, but no audience was given. They repeated the performance, but each time the cards were intercepted, and never reached the minister. Finally, they happened to get in conversation with one of the cooks at the residence of the minister, who informed them by a lucky chance that the minister spoke the same Chinese dialect that they themselves used.

They soon discovered that the consul had been at work, and it took them only a few minutes to arrange to go to word of their presence to the minister. Through the cook he invited them to come without their attorney. They went, and after a lengthy hearing before the minister, he decided to intercede for them. The result will probably be that the two millionaires will pardon the condemned men and allow them to return to their native land without being molested.

Next Saturday Mr. Fagan goes to San Francisco on railroad business, and the two men whom he befriended and entertained so royally have promised him a high old time in Chinatown. They will meet him there and show him the sights as few have seen them. They intimated that they would burn money for his benefit.

IN THE STATE'S ARMY.

Savannah and Brunswick Naval Reserves Enter the State's Service.

Colonel Captain O. C. Brown, of the adjutant general's office, issued an order yesterday admitting into the state service the newly organized naval reserves of Savannah and Brunswick.

An election of officers was also ordered at the same time, the officers to be a commander, a lieutenant commander as executive officer and a lieutenant as navigator.

The commander will be elected at the same time, the officers to be a commander, a lieutenant commander as executive officer and a lieutenant as navigator.

February 8th, the officers and crew of the Third Division of the Georgia Naval Torpedo Station, who will be general assembly, the naval battalions in the headquarters of the following:

naval artillery, second division, Ga.; the Third Battalion, Savannah, Ga.; the Fourth Battalion, Brunswick, Ga.

J. J. BROWN, Adjutant General.

ES. COUGHS, Surgeon. Relief is found in special Troches.

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Chief Inspector Men Dropped from Hearing the Police Rank

ASKED CONNOLLY RE-ELECTED

Brought Jennings Is Replaced by Sergeant John Thompson

KEPT UP PLACES TWO YEARS AGO

Some men Jennings Was Made a Sergeant and Patrolman Poole Again Promoted from the Ranks—Other Changes That Were Made.

The board of police commissioners held an extraordinary session yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. The meeting was opened by Chairman J. W. English and he read a tedious work of unravelling the plans which the wily commissioners have held in such inviolable secrecy for weeks was commenced with all the pomp and ceremony which are peculiar to this board.

It was an occasion of great interest to the hundreds of men whose bread and meat hung on the ballots of the men selected to preside over the destinies of the police department. Every breath that was shrouded with a blue coat beat high with excitement and the long halls of the station house were packed to suffocation with the hungry men who were scrapping for the few loaves and fishes. It was moment filled with climaxes of hope and despair. The anxious crowd jammed itself up against the windows and watched with breathless anxiety every movement of the commissioners as they sat around the long table in the commissioners' room and puffed away indifferently on their pipes.

to stage some of the men was the first to raise of newspaper men and stated consider all the transactions as public property.

George B. Johnson took made a ringing speech in press. "I am a public servant. Johnson, 'and I am perfect for the people who put me exactly what I do and how I

ly's Election Announced.

Patterson came out in a few after the meeting began and notified Connolly that he was the choice by unanimous vote. He was to the meeting and addressed the a short speech, thanking them for their support and pledging his supporting the laws of the city. A great pantomime performance would rise to the floor and sandwiching their re-mail-like gestures.

By flying. The commis-

sioners were barreled out.

seconds Secretary Patterson announced the following he stood up in the door for a while the silence was oppressive. W. P. Manley, John C. Joiner, Thompson, and B. Slaughter, cap-

tive.

a great thunder claps from the men who were swinging on a chance vote staggered at it was the first break and to the hearts of all. It warning to them not to count until the mother commission their nests. This ballot re-

in Henry Jennings from his position of sergeant had re-elected J. A. Thompson back into as captain.

ving sergeants were elected: A. J. Moss, M. M. White,

W. N. Abbott and George

another shuffle of the cards in was put in place of Ball and Thompson's.

house keepers elected were, W. and Robert Brazelton, which out.

Patrolmen Named. They then went into the election of ex-Stationhouse Keeper Turner and J. W. Bell were both put on. Under this head, the commissioners began voting on the city areas as follows: T. A. Barron, T. G. Conn, J. B. Harris, D. S. Looney, E. W. Walton, with Bradley Slaughter the department.

men who were re-elected are

James McGee, T. J. McCarter, W. M. Newborn, D. S. Moncrief, J. W. Norman, J. S. Phillips, J. R. Parish, G. H. Phillips, W. N. Sheridan, J. C. St. German, J. M. Seales, J. A. Sewell, George Stent, J. T. Shepard,

Why Jennings Was Left. Captain English, the chairman of the board, was seen in regard to Captain Jennings' defeat for re-election. He said:



NEW STATION IS NOW ASSURED

President Comer Says It Will Be Begun Within a Year.

TO BE FINISHED IN TWO YEARS

Central, Southern and West Point Are Sure To Go In.

MITCHELL STREET SITE IS SELECTED

There Is Not Room Enough on Wall Street to Properly Accommodate the Trains Which Are Now Entering It—A Talk With Officials.

Atlanta's new passenger station will be built at Mitchell street and not on the old site in the center of the city.

The roads have only come to this decision within the last few days.

The decision of the roads to build on Mitchell street was announced to Chairman M. P. Camp of the bridge committee of the city council yesterday morning by President Comer, of the Central. He said that the Southern and the Central, after thoroughly considering the matter, had concluded that the Mitchell street site was better fitted for the accommodations necessary for these large systems than the old one.

The railroad presidents argue that the Wall street site is entirely too small for such a new station as Atlanta needs; that the Southern has already bought property on Mitchell street, and that it would be had policy to dispose of it now for another location, and that the new depot on the old location would probably mean the lowering of the tracks, which would be too expensive, if practicable.

This, therefore, "practically settles the matter."

Will Begin Work in a Year.

Mr. Comer furthermore told Mr. Camp that the roads were perfectly sincere in their promises for a new station, and that the structure will most positively be built, unless some unforeseen difficulty prevents.

The Central's president says work will begin within a year, and that the depot will most assuredly be finished in two years. It looks, therefore, as if the roads were at last in dead earnest, and that Atlanta is to have a new station house.

Mr. Comer and Mr. Camp were together almost the entire day. They reviewed the whole question, not in a single detail, and walked over the site selected for the new station. They also visited the old shed, and Mr. Comer convinced Mr. Camp of the impracticability of erecting the new station between Whitehall and Loy street crossings.

The matter of the new viaduct across the tracks at Mitchell street was also taken up, and Mr. Camp will bend his every effort to have it built as soon as has been announced in this column before, to the materialization of the plan.

Mr. Camp believes the construction of the viaduct will not only give the people of the west side an excellent outlet, but will be the first step towards the erection of the station, which is not possible without the viaduct.

"Mr. Comer and I," said Mr. Camp, "spent afternoon, "have discussed both the viaduct and the depot thoroughly today, and I have come to the conclusion that the viaduct will be built, and that a new depot is certain in the very near future."

"Mr. Comer told me the roads had agreed to build on the Mitchell street site because they simply found no enlargement of their accommodations on account of the rapidly increasing business. This is particularly true of the Southern. You may state that the roads are in earnest this time, and that Atlanta is going to have that depot."

"What about the Alabama street bridge?" asked Mr. Camp. "We will build the viaduct and the depot too; so I am inclined to think the bridge is rather a dead issue. If the depot is not built though, I am still in favor of the bridge, because those west side people need an outlet and they must have it."

Will Meet Saturday.

Mr. Camp will call a special meeting of the bridge committee next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock for the consideration of the viaduct. From present indications the body will report favorably on the matter.

There may be some difference of opinion among the commissioners on the offer of \$25,000 from the roads, some contending it is not liberal enough, but it is probable this disagreement will be settled and a favorable report made.

It all depends, however, on the cost of building it, which is quite high, says City Engineer Clayton, who will there is some doubt of the road's proportion being accepted; but if the total expenditure does not exceed \$35,000, favorable action will undoubtedly be taken.

Mr. Spencer and Mr. Comer do not believe this latter figure will miss the mark far. Of course, their belief is based on estimates made by their engineers.

Not everyone can go South for March, but almost everybody can spend a dollar or two for Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. If you have got a lingering cough or are run down; are weak and exhausted by reason of the Grippe, ask your doctor if Scott's Emulsion isn't just what you need in the emergency. The combined virtues of the Cod-liver Oil, the Hypophosphites and Glycerine as prepared in Scott's Emulsion will give you flesh and strength rapidly and help you back to health.

Meetings Postponed.

The prayer meeting announced for this Friday evenings at the First Presbyterian church will not be held, but will probably take place next week, of which notice will be given at the Sunday morning service.

FOR Champion
Pain



He has just returned from Europe and is now ready to join the racing men the Pacific coast, despite the large amount of work he has gone through during the past months.

Michael has made cycle racing a careful study and is in a position to give excellent advice, not only to racing men, but to wheelmen and athletes in general. In reference to his return he sends the following letter to HOUSE, March 21, 1907.

After the exertion of my record rides with the Morgan & Wright team in the south last winter, during which I lost somewhat in weight, on account of the unaccustomed climate, I was advised to use Paine's celery compound. His experience is that of thousands of other wheelmen who have been determined to take up bicycling as a health-giving exercise find themselves really lacking the proper "snap" or stamina to begin on. Their bodily condition prevents so spirited exercise. They would like to ride, but they are out of sorts, run down by a winter of work or indoor life. Many who are really sick who have suffered from debility or wasting diseases for a long time until they had begun to think their troubles had become chronic, and nothing seems to help, but this splendid exercise, like any other, requires strength to undertake. The blood is out of order, the nerves are deranged, and nature's food for both is needed.

All such persons will find to their immense joy that Paine's celery compound, taken now, will make them well.

Paine's celery compound works wonders in the spring. If you have labored under the long winter, headaches, neuralgic pains and days of nervous debility, now is your best time to get well.

Michael is today the most phenomenal rider in professional ranks. As far back as 1894 he was undisputed champion of Great Britain, and in the following year he went to France and scored 25 straight wins against the picked riders of Europe. He has defeated such famous names as Aquilina, Gaudet, Hurst, Riviere, Bonham, Bonville and Barden of England, and Leyten, the Belgian champion.

James Michael is the champion long distance cyclist of the world.

He recommends all wheelmen to take Paine's celery compound.

His experience is that of thousands of others. With the opening of the bicycle season many a young person and hundreds of older people who have determined to take up bicycling as a health-giving exercise find themselves really lacking the proper "snap" or stamina to begin on.

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Woman and Society

The Tiger.

Tiger, tiger, burning bright,
In the forest of the night,
What immortal hand or eye
Could frame thy fearful symmetry?

In what distant deeps of skies
Burned the aries of those eyes?
On what wings dare he aspire?
What hand dares seize the fire?

And what shoulder, and what art,
Could twist the sinews of thy heart?
And when the heart began to beat,
What dread hand forced thy dread feet?

What the hammer? What the chain?
Gave up the�d of those eyes?
What the anvil? What the dread grasp
Dare its deadly terror clasp?

When the stars threw down their spears,
And watered heaven with their tears,
Did He smile His work to see?
Did He who made the lamb make thee?

Tiger, tiger, burning bright,
In the forest of the night,
What immortal hand or eye
Could frame thy fearful symmetry?

—William Blake.

The Atlanta Board Meets.

The second formal meeting of the Atlanta board of women interested in the Georgia room at the Tennessee Centennial met yesterday afternoon at the home of the president, Mrs. A. B. Steele, and transacted many important matters. Mrs. Steele presided, and Miss Nettie Sergeant, secretary of the board, read the minutes of the last meeting. Those present yesterday were: Mrs. Hugh Hagan, treasurer; Mrs. Robert Lowry, chairman of reception; Mrs. Nellie P. Black, chairman of finance, Mrs. W. B. Lowe, chairman of federation, Mrs. M. B. Parsons, Mrs. Isaac Boyd, Mrs. Wilmer Moore, Mrs. A. V. Gude, Mrs. John King Ottley, Mrs. T. B. Neal, Mrs. Robert Maddox, Jr., Miss Mary L. Jackson, Mrs. George Traylor, Mrs. Porter King and others.

In order to render explicit the association of the Atlanta board with the establishment of the Georgia exhibit at the Tennessee Centennial and the recent organization of that body, the following letter, which accompanied Mr. Joseph Thompson's commission from Mrs. Van Leer Kirkman, was read:

"Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Commissioner, Atlanta, Ga.—My Dear Madam: I hereby confer upon you the entire control of the room and ask, etc. etc. in the name of the women's committee, and entitle resolution int committees in charge.

The preamble in all things to exercise famine in intent in deciding upon the deaths, and resulted in your limits and in various ways you could have best wished, I am sure.

On that evening, Mr. LEER KIRKMAN, Chairman of the Department Tennessee.

In view of the authority in the above letter Mrs. Joseph Thompson called a meeting of the ladies commissioned by Mrs. Kirkman in the interest of the Georgia room, and organized a board or committee, as it may be called. Mrs. A. B. Steele was made the president of it, and the following ladies appointed chairmen of the various committees:

Reception—Mrs. R. J. Lowry.
Decorations—Mrs. E. C. Spalding.

Young Ladies—Mrs. Barbour Thompson. On being informed of the organization of the Atlanta board and the various appointments, Mrs. Van Leer Kirkman wrote the following letter to Mrs. A. B. Steele:

"Mrs. A. B. Steele—My Dear Madam: In receipt of the information regarding the organization of the new Atlanta board by Mrs. Joseph Thompson permit me to express my cordial endorsement of each of the appointments and to confirm officially the selection of the whole, with the entire woman's department when I express to you our congratulations that the work of the Atlanta board in the interest of Georgia has been so happily placed.

Presenting in cordial greeting to you, and to each of your co-workers, I am very sincerely yours,

"MRS. VAN LEER KIRKMAN."

In further recognition of the organization of the Atlanta board, Colonel Nesbitt addressed the following letter to Mrs. A. B. Steele:

"Mrs. Dean Madam: I take great pleasure in announcing to you that I have come from Georgia for the Nashville centennial. I trust that you will accept this position, as now you well-known public spirit and energy. I feel that some effort will result in great good to the state. Very respectfully, R. T. NESBITT, Commissioner of Agriculture."

The Atlanta Board Complete.

The following list was read by Miss Sergeant, secretary of the board, and includes the names of the ladies commissioned by Mrs. Van Leer Kirkman: Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mrs. A. B. Steele, Mrs. W. Y. Atkinson, Mrs. M. B. Parsons, Mrs. Robert J. Lowry, Mrs. Henry Tompkins, Mrs. Wilmer Moore, Mrs. Hugh Hagan, Mrs. W. B. Lowe, Mrs. Clark Howell, Jr., Mrs. Charles Nowlin, Mrs. Edward C. Peters, Mrs. Lula M. Gordon, Mrs. Nelle P. Atchek, Mrs. William Lawson Peeler, Mrs. A. Gude, Mrs. Barbour Thompson, Mrs. Robert Maddox, Jr., Mrs. Isaac Boyd, Mrs. George Traylor, Mrs. Porter King, Mrs. William Green Raoul, Mrs. Samuel Inman, the late Mrs. Charles Oliver, Mrs. Porter King, Mrs. William Atkinson, Mrs. Eugene C. Spalding, Mrs. John King Ottley, Mrs. George Traylor, Mrs. Nettie Sergeant and Mrs. Mary L. Jackson.

In the absence of Mrs. Felton, chairman by-laws, and Mrs. Eugene C. Spalding, chairman of decoration, no reports were given from those committees, but the following ladies were named by Mrs. Spalding on her committee: Mrs. Isaac Boyd, Mrs. E. C. Peters, Mrs. M. B. Parsons, Mrs. A. B. Steele and Mrs. W. B. Lowe.

Chairman of finance, Mrs. N. F. Clark announced the following ladies as serving her committee: Mrs. R. T. Nesbitt, Mrs. M. B. Parsons, Mrs. A. B. Steele and Mrs. T. B. Neal.

Mrs. Gordon has not as yet fully organized her committee.

Barbour Thompson's committee is composed of Mrs. John Clarke, Addie Maud, Lucy Peeler, Jennie Engleman, May.

Committee.

Worthy chairman of the committee has not as yet organized it, but was empowered to do so upon what day the Georgia women be.

She decided to have Georgia day, when the people from the Centennial will be a magnificent display to be given in the hall in which the Georgia Lowry will appoint

upon her committee the most prominent and beautiful women of the state and the Georgia reception will be in every sense, be a notable event.

The "Federation Corner."

Mrs. W. B. Lowe, chairman of the federation committee, announced that her committee would include the presidents of the twenty-two federated clubs in Georgia and that official notice had been sent each one. Mrs. Lowe proposes to decorate a corner of the room in a manner appropriate and beautiful, subject to the ideas of the clubs, and the room will be decorated rating the room may be given. In this one committee of the Atlanta board is at once assured the exhibit, the interest of 1,000 women from throughout the state.

Mrs. Thompson in New York.

Mrs. Isaac Boyd, in regard to the plans of the room, announced that Mrs. Thompson, in which the most enthusiastic accounts were given of the features to be presented in the Georgia room.

The term "studio" implies all that is attractive and artistic, and the artist in charge will combine all that is beautiful in art and the artistic in the exhibits.

The work of decorating the room has begun and Mrs. Eugene Spalding, chairman of the decoration committee, will visit Nashville Saturday in the interest of that important work.

Date Not Fixed.

The date for Georgia day was not as yet been decided. Mrs. T. B. Neal was appointed by the board to confer officially with Captain Oscar Brown as to the advisability of the date for Georgia day. A resolution was offered and adopted employing the request that the day be appointed as soon as possible, the 6th of June, on which date were impossible, same time the latter part of May.

On Mrs. Steele's announcement that she would spend Saturday in Nashville she was empowered by the board to transact any business that might be of interest and the meeting adjourned till next Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Georgia room.

Date Changed.

The date announced for the field day celebration of the Georgia Federation of Clubs has been changed from the 24th of June to the 19th by order of the president, Mrs. R. D. Lowe.

Yesterday morning the section of science and education held a very important meeting at the club. The discussions and papers read were replete with interest, and the meeting was a very entertaining one.

The Daughters of the Confederacy will hold a special meeting from the hours of 3 to 6 this afternoon.

The section of literature and art meets Friday afternoon, when the entire club is invited to be present, and Mrs. Leonora Beck Hills will lecture on "Art." The occasion will mark the first exhibition of the Atlanta sketch club.

Social Gossip.

Lieutenant and Mrs. J. W. Heavy, at McPherson bracketed, have had their home made happy by the arrival of a little stranger, who is being generally greeted by the colony at the post.

The friends of Colonel William A. Carson will regret to hear of his severe illness. He is confined at his room, Orange street.

Atlanta is to be treated to one of the best amateur performances on the evening of April 27th that has ever been given in the city.

On that evening a comedy will be presented at the Grand for the benefit of the Girls' Night school. It

The grand jury adjourned at 2 o'clock to meet again at the call of Solicitor Hill.

A true bill was returned against Mrs. H. C. Leonard, of Fulton county, who was appointed to conduct the sale. He is instructed to advertise the sale in the New York and Atlanta papers and to sell the property and apply the proceeds to the settlement of the note held by the trustees for the Coffins.

The decree made by Judge Newman yesterday is to the effect that if the defendants fail to pay the debt of \$4,000 last fall he died and his successor as trustee for the Coffin girls filed a petition with the United States court to compel McIntosh and the estate of Mrs. Nellie Mills to come indebted to him as trustee in the sum of \$4,000, for which they gave their promissory note and a mortgage on certain property on Orme Mills and Alexander streets.

Mr. Newman claimed that the defendants failed to pay the debt of \$4,000 last fall he died and his successor as trustee for the Coffin girls filed a petition with the United States court to compel McIntosh and the estate of Mrs. Nellie Mills to come indebted to him as trustee in the sum of \$4,000, for which they gave their promissory note and a mortgage on certain property on Orme Mills and Alexander streets.

It is understood that Will Harp, who was arrested at the small house Sunday evening, a change of guard was made.

Numerous indictments were found, but these only two were for felony, the remaining cases being classed as misdemeanors only. The greater number of indictments were found on charges for gambling.

It is understood that Will Harp, who was arrested at the small house Sunday evening, a change of guard was made.

Judge Newman is to be present at the trial of James M. Jenkins on January 26th last.

Anthony Jones was indicted for assault with intent to kill, and charged that on the night of March 27th Jones attacked Robert Brown with a razor and cut him up.

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AND PROFESSIONAL MEN.
or improved presses we are
furnished elegantly. Engraved
from original types at 10c per
sheet, or ordinary type printing,
our samples before placing your
order. J. P. Steven
Engravers.

WIFE WAS TWICE WED

John Green Says That She Has No
Ground for Kicking.

HE HAS MADE A DISCOVERY

When She Married Him She Had a
Husband Living from Whom She
Has Never Obtained Divorce.

Another sensational bill was filed yesterday in the litigation between John Henry Green and his dusky spouse.

Through his attorney, Mr. R. J. Jordan, the aggrieved husband, Green, has announced that at the time of his wedding his wife was married to another man.

BAPTISTS ARE HERE

Delegations Come in This Morning from
South Georgia.

WILL VISIT COX COLLEGE

This Afternoon They Go on a Special
Train to Gainesville, Where State
Convention Meets Tomorrow.

Two hundred Baptists will leave Atlanta
at 3 p.m. today for Gainesville on a special
train over the Southern. They go to at-
tend their convention, which meets tomorrow.

Ex-Governor W. J. Northen said yester-
day that all arrangements had been com-

The Sun

Is
Shining

The weather is warming and it's wise for you to emulate the policy of ants. Get ready now for next winter. You can do it and save just 50¢ on every \$1.00 invested. The splendid Overcoats and Suits we bought of Eads-Neel Co., will not be packed away. They're being sacrificed at half price, instead.

\$5 will now command as much value in heavy Clothing as \$10
when November comes. Be
wise—buy.

M. R. Emmons & Co.

Formerly

Eads-Neel Co.

To Look Odd.

Is to ride a bicycle without a bicycle suit. We have twelve patterns in checks, plaids and mix-
tures. Prices from \$5 to \$12 per suit. Bicy-
cle hose in the new spring novelties. Caps at 50 cents; twelve pat-
terns to match suits. If you do not live in the city write us for sam-
ples, mailed \$3. Don't forget we carry all kinds of sporting goods

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Renting Agent,

14 Wall St., Kimball House.

I have the prettiest vacant lot on Pied-
mont Avenue for sale at a price that will
interest any buyer.

This is no bait, but a real bargain, and
is worth your attention if you desire the
cheapest and prettiest lot on the best
street on the north side.

I also have a choice vacant lot in Peachtree street for \$2,000. This is on a one-line and is ten minutes' walk
on the Kimball house.

Don't forget that plots are out for the
Castileberry and Jordan properties to be sold
on the first Tuesday in April.

Come and get a plat, so you can familiarize
yourself with the lots and form a conclusion
as to their value before the sale.

G. W. ADAIR.

Thomas H. Northen. Walker Dunson.

NORTHERN & DUNSON.

REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

Lot #100x150, covered with oak grove, be-
tween the Peachtrees, for just \$1,250.

Coulters Avenue, 8-r. h. lot \$60x140, for
only \$3,500.

Ivy street, 7-r. h. lot 67 feet front, for
\$1,000. 100x100, plot main, Alabama street store for \$1,250; ren-
ted for \$2,000 per annum.

To loan, \$10,000 at 10% per cent on At-
lanta property. Money at bank on At-
lanta property, close in, for rent for
\$1,200 per annum, and in splendid condi-
tion for \$10,000.

Piedmont Avenue lot near city limits for
only \$35 per front foot.

2-story house, elevated lot, near Inman
Park, \$1,250, easy terms.

Office 409 Equitable building. Phone 1206.

"Coming Our Way"

For Your Spring Outfit

Come early. Our stock is in the very pink of condition. There
is not a thing missing to complete a Man or Boy's Spring and Summer
wardrobe. There's variety, style and correctness of price to attract a
stylish and economical Clothing buyers.

TAILORING,
SHIRTS,
UNDERWEAR.

HIRSCH BROS

44 WHITEHALL STREET.

ROLLER TRAY TRUNK

THE BEST
OLD STYLE TRUNKS HALF PRICE.

Traveling Bags and Cases Bargains

→ ALL OUR OWN MAKE → NONE BETTER ←
A CALL WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.

H. W. ROUNTREE & BRO. TRUNK & BAG COMPANY, RICHMOND, VA.
Branch—77 Whitehall St., ATLANTA, GA.

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NO, WE CAN'T SEE

ANYTHING WRONG WITH ANY OF THE

..MILL SUPPLIES

SOLD BY

BROWN & KING SUPPLY CO.

The simple statement that our
BOILER, SHAFT, HOSE PIPE, STEAM PU-
RE anything in their line com-
BROWN & KING, Atlanta, is
ante that it is all right.

Their prices are all right, too.

R. F. MADDOX. J. W. RUCKER, Vice Presidents.
President. W. L. PEEL. Cashier.

MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO.

Capital and Surplus \$200,000.

Stockholders Liability \$125,000.
Solicit accounts of individuals, firms, corporations and banks upon favorable terms.
Interest allowed on open accounts subject to check in our Savings Department we
pay 4 per cent per annum. Interest on deposits will be paid quarterly. Interest at the
rate of 4 per cent per annum will be credited on each account on the first Tuesday of
January, April, July and October of each year and may be either drawn or added to
the deposit account.

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New Sanitarium corner Jackson and Pine Sts.

\$1.85

'Phone 354.

PLANE COAL AND LIME CO. 14 South
Broad Street.

College Park . . .

Atlanta's Most
Cultured Sub-

So rapid and substantial have been the improvements at
Park that the Atlanta and West Point Railroad has put on
use giving twenty trains daily between that place and the
Depot.

The price of lots has been reduced and people seeking desirable
residence property can find none more inviting than that at College Park. Splendid schools and colleges furnish every advantage
for the proper education of boys and young women.

Houses are constantly being erected and are always rented before
completed. Not a vacant house at College Park!

Any information desired can be obtained from

W. A. HEMPHILL, or D. U. SLOAN, Agent,
Constitution Office, At College Pa

Hot Weather
Is Hovering . . .

Do You
Need a Refrigerator

The . . . It's the best Refrigerator made. I
Alaska. scientific, hygienic and economic
Scores of new makes are constant-
market. In spite of every compet-
Alaska keeps the lead. More popular now than ever
stock just arrived for Spring and Summer of '97.
Investigate the claims of the Alaska before buying
show you its various points of excellence and super-

DOBBS, WEY & CO.

57 N. PRYOR ST.

Next to Equitable Building.



EX-GOVERNOR W. J. NORTHEN.
President of the Georgia Baptist State Convention.

from whom she had never been divorced
and who still lives.

This was another interesting phase of
the case.

John Henry Green first sprang into promi-
nence yesterday afternoon, when his wife
filed a petition asking that she be divorced
from her husband and that a receiver be
placed in charge of his property. This
property consists of a house and lot at
No. 281 Smith street.

It was charged that at the time the wife
was married, John decided to his wife an
undivided half interest in the home
place, but continued to pocket all the
rental.

The petition further alleged that her hus-
band would get drunk and had a habit of
undressing and going out upon the
streets, much to the astonishment of
neighbors. Finally the wife could stand it
no longer and left.

In her bill, it is prayed that in order to
prevent Green's disposal of the property,
a receiver be appointed to care for it until
further orders from court.

Now comes law developments and the
most interesting features of the queer
story.

Hearing of his wife's action, Green im-
mediately employed Mr. J. R. Jordan as
counsel and proceeded to block his wife
in her suits for divorce and receiver. To
this end a petition was presented June
18, 1897, before the Superior Court, by
John Lumpkin, attorney for S. Lissie Green,
in which it is stated the couple were mar-
ried in April, 1892. On October 3, 1896, peti-
tioner deeded to his wife the half inter-
est in the Smith street home.

It is then declared that Green has re-
cently discovered that his supposed wife
and one Thomas Chapman were married
in 1887 or 1888, long before the petition
was filed. The wedding ceremony was per-
formed by the pastor of the church where
the couple resided at that time. The woman
has since been divorced, but are still
husband and wife. Chapman is alive and
a resident of this county. Green swears
that he never knew this fact until within
the last two weeks.

The petition states that the considera-
tion of the deed made to his wife was love
and affection and \$25, which was never paid
or expected.

Thomas Chapman, the first husband, is
said to be married again and is now living
with wife No. 2. It is charged that Chapman
is charged that Chapman and the woman
have been divorced, but are still
husband and wife. Chapman is alive and
a resident of this county. Green swears
that he never knew this fact until within
the last two weeks.

The petition further states that the considera-
tion of the deed made to his wife was love
and affection and \$25, which was never paid
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she holds in her name, and to restrain
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petitioner and defendant be set aside.

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or disposing of the property that the deed
she holds in her name, and to restrain
and bind the marriage between the
petitioner and defendant be set aside.

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